

# Analysis of voltage profile of NaMnO<sub>2</sub> cathode using DFT+U/linear response computational method

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NaMnO<sub>2</sub> is a cathode material, featured by a high operating voltage, reasonable capacity and stability to electrochemical cycling [1]. Material structure of NaMnO<sub>2</sub> allows two types of polymorphs ( $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ ), which are known to coexist in synthesized materials. While such intergrowth of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  polymorphs has been studied in the past [2], a detailed computational analysis of voltage dependence from Na concentration in such compounds is still missing.

In this work we employ DFT+U/linear response calculations [3] to study voltage profiles for pure  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  polymorphs and also for intermixed  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  structure (Figure 1). Our study shows that the voltage profile of  $\beta$  and intermixed models can be calculated in a very reasonable agreement with experiment. We also analyze formation of structural defects at low concentration of Na and discuss their role in voltage decay and capacity fade.

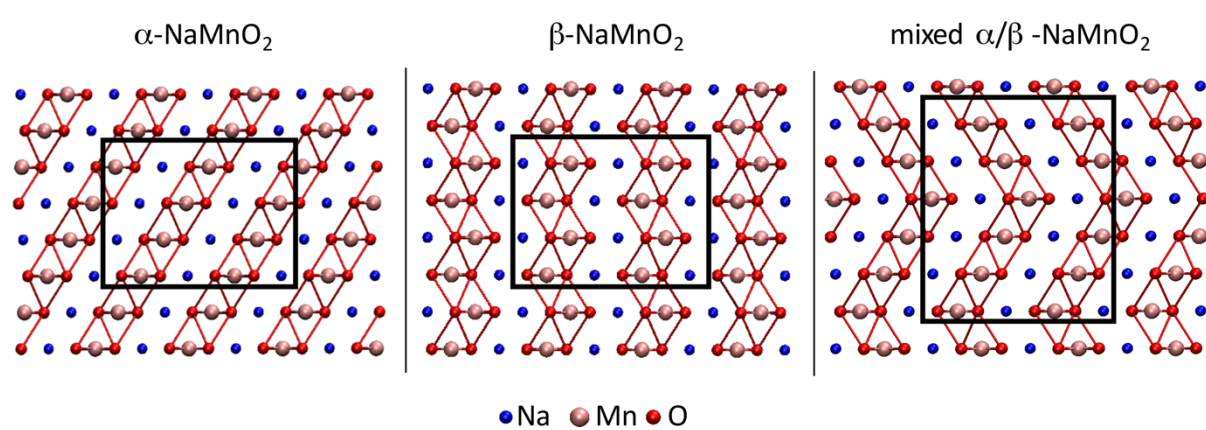


Figure 1 The structures of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and intermixed  $\alpha/\beta$  NaMnO<sub>2</sub>. Computational cells, used in calculations are indicated by the black solid line rectangles.

## References:

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- [2] R. J. Clement, D. S. Middlemiss, I. D. Seymour, A. J. Ilott, C. P. Grey, Chem. Mater. 28 (2016) 8228-8239.
- [3] M. Shishkin and H. Sato, Phys. Rev. B 93 (2016) 085135:1-13.